

'The Science of light pollution'

**Some human and
animal model effects
of light at night (LAN),
mediated by melatonin**



Mihály János VARRÓ, M. D.

*National Institute of Environmental Health,
Budapest, HUNGARY*

1) Astronomy

- Prof.-Hobby: **Disturbing: observations**
- General: **Loss: Scenery, night sky**

2) Ecology

- **Doom of insect, birds...**

3) Human health...

- **Light at night (LAN) → melatonin (MT) ↓**
*(antioxidant, immune stimulant and
oncostatic hormone ↓) →*
breast, prostate, colon & liver cancer ↑

5) Law

6) Technic

7) Criminalistic, injuries...

– PubMed

- US Nat Lib Med, Nat Inst Health (*NLM NIH*)
 - www.pubmed.gov
 - More than 20 million citations
(MEDLINE, life science journals etc.)
 - Abstracts, links, full texts
 - "Melatonin"
 - ~16,000 items
 - ~2,000 full FREE text
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– Melatonin

- Aaron Lerner, 1958
 - Pineal gland (corpus pineale)
 - N-Acetyl-5-methoxytryptamine
 - Tryptophan -> 5-Hydroxytryptophan ->
Serotonin -> N-Acetylserotonin -> ~
 - Folic acid is necessary
 - Blood, saliva; liver: 20' half-lifetime
 - *6-Sulphatoxymelatonin (6-SOM, urine)*
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– Regulation

- Synthesis: maximum: at night, in darkness!
 - Brainard et al. (2001), Thapan et al. (2001)
 - Light of 464 nm wavelength
 - inhibits **mostly the synthesis**
 - Berson et al. (2002)
 - Not rods & cones: Retinal Ganglion Cells (RGC)
 - Photopigment **melanopsin**
 - **Suprachiasmatic Nucleus (SCN)**
 - Pineal gland
 - **Activation: melatonin synthesis will be blocked**
-

– Effects (1.)

- Helps initiating sleep
- Body temperature/pulse rate: diminish

– Effects (2.)

– Scavenger

Martin et al. (2000)

- Mitochondria: oxidative stress
- Inhibition: melatonin >>> Vitamin C/E!

Qi et al. (2000)

- DNA+Cr(III)+H₂O₂
 - 8-Hydroxydeoxyguanosin
 - Inhibition: melatonin >>> Vitamin C/E!
-

– Effects (3.)

– Immune system

Maestroni et al. (1987)

– In vitro

– Melatonin: IgM, IgG increasing

– Opioid system

– Effects (4.)

– Oncostatic hormone (1.):

BREAST CANCER: Human MCF-7 cell line

Rato et al. (1999)

– Melatonin inhibited:

growth induced by estradiol

– Inhibition: attach:

estrogen receptor–DNA

– Effects (4.)

– Oncostatic hormone (1.):

BREAST CANCER: DMBA

Tamarkin et al. (1981)

- Rats, extirpated pineal gland
 - Dimethylbenzanthracene
 - Carcinogen (breast)
 - Melatonin: partly inhibited
-

– Effects (4.)

– Oncostatic hormone (2.): *PROSTATE*

Gilad et al. (1997)

– Benign prostate cells,

functioning MT-receptors

– If balance of

estradiol & dihydrotestosterone:

MT inhibits

– If not balance: proliferation

– Effects (4.)

– Oncostatic hormone (3.): COLON CANCER: DMHA

Anisimov et al. (1997)

- Female rats
- Dimethylhydrazine
- Small intestine/colon carcinoma
- Grades:

MT inhibited

– Effects (4.)

– Oncostatic hormone (4.): *LIVER CANCER*

Blask et al. (1999)

– Rat hepatoma

– MT blocked:

– Uptake of linolenic acid

– Transformation to mytogenic
signal molecule

– Size of tumor: smaller

– Effects (5.)

– Aging

Pierpaoli & Regelson (1994)

- Life span was increased
- In aged mice
 - By MT or
 - By pineal gland implantate
from young mice

Roth et al. (2001)

- Dietetic caloric restriction
 - Rhesus monkeys: life span: increased
 - Came together: smaller degree
of the [normal] diminishing by age
of the plasma MT level
-

– Controlled human essays

Graham et al. (2001)

- Young, healthy women
- MT & estrogen level
- 5200 lux fluorescent lamps

Harada (2004)

- Fluorescent lamps
- 200–300 lux by night
- Diminished saliva MT level

– Stevens et al. (2007)

- *Parameters of the photic input?*
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– Epidemiology (1.)

Kloog et al. (2008)

- Ecological study
 - LAN: satellite
 - Breast cancer
-

– Epidemiology (2.)

– Blind persons

Feychting et al. (1981)

- Entirely blinds
 - Lower cancer incidence
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– Epidemiology (3.)

– Night shift work

& increased breast cancer incidence

Hansen (2001)

Davis et al. (2001a)

– Case-control study

Schernhammer et al. (2001)

– Cohort study

(‘Nurses’ Health Study’)

– Epidemiology (3.)

– 'Shiftwork that involves circadian disruption'

- Int Agency Res Cancer (IARC, 2007):
possibly carcinogenic to humans
(*Group 2A*)

– MEDICAL SCIENCE

- Aged: decreased MT levels
- Substitution?

(– Question

- *Some neurotic & other disturbances:
not only through MT pathway?*)
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– Other medical subjects

Estrogen- & cortisol levels

Alzheimer disease

Bone development

Biological clock

Asthma

Mitosis

Diabetes

Sleep

Depression

– Epidemiology in Hungary, too

– Exact physical parameter measurements

– Satellite info: LAN:

ecologic investigations

– Individual light measurements...

– Exact biological parameter measurements

(biological monitoring)

– 6-Sulphatoxymelatonin (6-SOM, urine)

– MT (blood, saliva)

individual investigations:

surveys, case-control & cohort studies

– Regulation (in Hungary, too)

– Night lightings – Shift work

– Different groups...

(Astronomers

Jurists

Ecologists

Light technicians

Physicians

Policemen...)

– Special requirements

– Common action plan; implementing!

– Lobbying in the legislation

Municipal, country & regional level

– Wish

– Law in Hungary: for 2012 Spring!

– Requires unity

– Within groups

– Between groups

– Conflict of interest

– No link

- Drug, shutter-, eye mask & special lamp...
 - ...manufacturers & vendors
-

SUMMARY 1.

– Melatonin (1.)

- Serotonin derivative

- Effects

 - Sleep initiator; biological clock

 - **Strong** scavenger

 - **Strong** immune stimulant

 - **Strong** oncostatic **hormone**

 - (breast, prostate, colon, liver)*

 - Aged: level decreasing; substitution?

SUMMARY 2.

– Melatonin (2.)

– Regulation

- *Blue light inhibits secretion*

- Sleep initiator,

- Scavenger,

- Immune stimulant &

- Oncostatic (...)

effects decrease

SUMMARY 3.

- Controlled human essays
 - Ecological -, surveys, case-control - & cohort studies
 - Blind persons
 - Shiftwork
 - IARC (2007): possibly carcinogenic (2A)
 - Ecology, astronomy
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SUMMARY 4.

– Regulation

- Night lightings, shift work
- Groups
 - Common action plan to implement
 - Unity: within & between groups

– Wish

- Law (in Hungary?): 2012 Spring?!
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A photograph of a purple and white flower with large, mottled green leaves on a forest floor. The flower is in the upper right, and the leaves are in the center and lower left. The background is a dark, brown forest floor with fallen leaves.

*Thank you for
your attention!*

*E-mail:
varro.mihaly@oki.antsz.hu*